

Prescribed Form on which the consolidated stock figures should be communicated by the Dealers in the State under the Cotton Cloth and Yarn (Control) Order, 1943.

Name and Address of the Dealer:

Dealers' Stock return on 30th June 1944.

Sl. No.	Materials	Stock in Bales		Stock in pieces or cut pieces	Total Stocks (Total of B and C.)
		Number of Bales	Equivalent Quantity.		
		A	B	C	D
		Bales	Yards	Yards	Yards
1	All cotton cloth normally sold on yardage basis. (a) Mill made cloth.— (i) Other than Standard cloth. (ii) Standard Cloth ... (b) Handloom made ...				
		Bales	Nos.	Nos.	Nos.
2	Dhories and Sarees.— (a) Mill made.— (i) Other than Standard cloth. (ii) Standard Cloth ... (b) Handloom made ...				
		Bales	Nos.	Nos.	Nos.
3	All other materials normally sold by numbers such as sheets, chaddars, towels, etc. (a) Mill made cloth ... (b) Handloom made ...				
		Bales	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.
4	Anything not covered by the above such as Fents, etc. (a) Mill made ... (b) Handloom made ...				
		Bales	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.
5	Yarn of all types ... (a) Mill made ...				
		Bales	lbs.	lbs.	lbs.

NOTE.—The above return must be accompanied by a certificate signed in the following form:—

I, the undersigned, for and on behalf of (name and address of the dealer) holding the stocks above solemnly affirm that the statement correctly sets out the stock of cloth and yarn held by him/them and that separate and correct statements are being submitted to the Controller of Civil Supplies in regard to all other cloth and yarn stocks held by the said dealer in any other premises in the State.

Place.....

Date.....

Signature and Designation.

156

OFFICE OF THE MACHINE TOOL CONTROLLER IN MYSORE, MYSORE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BUILDINGS, KEMPE-GOWDA ROAD, BANGALORE.

Copy of press note issued by the Government of India.

Notification No. B9-M.T.C.—43-44, dated 29th June 1944.

The Government of India have decided to revert to the use of trade channels for the acquisition in future of new machine tools to be manufactured in India, but at the same time to preserve the basis of the rationalisation measures that are now in force through a licensing system. Under present arrangements orders for the manufacture of machine tools in India, whether required on Government account or for industrial users, are aggregated and contracted for by Government and Government arrange for the re-sale and distribution of the machine tools required by industrial users. With effect from 1st of April 1944 the following new arrangements will be brought into effect:—

(1) On application to the Machine Tool Controller, Directorate-General, Munitions Production, Calcutta, manufacturing licences will be issued to

Indian machine tool manufacturers to cover their forward production programmes.

(2) Industrial users desirous of acquiring Indian-made machine tools will apply in the same manner as hitherto, through the appropriate Regional Representative of the Machine Tool Controller located at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Cawnpore and Lahore, for an authorisation to acquire. Having received his authorisation the Industrial user will be at liberty to enter into direct purchase negotiations with any individual machine tool manufacturer and/or his Agents or recognised dealers.

(3) Statutory maxima prices will from time to time be published for new machine tools in future to be manufactured in India. These statutory prices, whilst imposing a limit on the price at which newly manufactured Indian Machine Tools can be sold, will not debar sales at a lower cost.

(4) To assist industrial users in their negotiations with Indian manufacturers and/or their agents or recognised dealers, a list of manufacturers showing the types and grades of machine tools they are licensed to manufacture, will be furnished on application to the Machine Tool Controller. Industrial users are advised to deal only with those manufacturers and/or their agents or authorised dealers in accordance with the Machine Tool Controller's list, who are capable of supplying the grade they require. In placing orders on manufacturers in India and/or on their Agents or authorised dealers, care should be taken to specify the precise grade of machine tool required.

(5) Manufacturers holding manufacturing licences from the Machine Tool Controller should obtain their requirements of steel and other raw materials through the Industries and Civil Supplies Department of the Central Government. These will be available at commercial rates. For any other assistance manufacturers should apply to the Machine Tool Controller. The same technical assistance as hitherto will be available to manufacturers.

(6) Industrial users who require machine tools of classes or grades that cannot be made in India and can only be secured from overseas, should continue to apply as hitherto to the Machine Tool Controller for an import licence. The grant of import licences for machine tools for which Indian production is established, will only be authorised in exceptional circumstances and for special and sufficient reason in each case.

M. MALLESHAYYA,

For Controller.

56

OFFICE OF THE PUBLICITY OFFICER TO THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE, PUBLIC OFFICES, BANGALORE.

Notification dated 30th June 1944.

Press Communiqué.

According to Government Notification No. S. D. 8434-C.—122-43-11, dated the 9th June 1944, all dealers in firewood and charcoal in the City of Bangalore and within the limits of Bangalore North and South Taluks are required to take out licenses and sell fuel and charcoal from the 1st July 1944, at prices not exceeding the limits fixed by Government in the Notification.

The fuel and charcoal merchants have made representations that they have already made heavy purchases and that as the prices fixed in the Notification of the 9th June 1944, would adversely affect them, they may be permitted to sell fuel at one-fourth maund less per rupee and charcoal at two annas more per bag of 75 lbs. than the notified prices.

Government are pleased to agree to the above proposal on the understanding that the licensed merchants will wholeheartedly co-operate with them in the measures undertaken by them for controlling fuel and charcoal and that the prices already fixed by

them in their Notification of the 9th June 1944, will be adhered to from the 1st August 1944.

The retail prices, as now revised, will be as follows:—

Casuarina (split)	...	...	2½ maunds per rupee
Do (unsplit)	...	...	3½ do
Junglewood (split)	...	...	3½ do
Do (unsplit)	...	...	4½ do
Junglewood-soft (split)	...	...	4 do
Do (unsplit)	...	...	5½ do
Casuarina charcoal Rs. 3-8-0 per bag of 7½ lbs.			
Junglewood charcoal Rs. 2-10-0 do			

It should be clearly understood that any departure from the abovementioned prices will entail immediate cancellation of the licenses in addition to other action under the law.

C. NANJARAJENGAR,
Publicity Officer.

137

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Notification No. F. C. F. 3417—43-44, dated
3rd July 1944.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public of Madhugiri Taluk that the additional purchase depot opened in Madhugiri Taluk on 15th April 1944, to receive the surplus quantities of foodgrains under the Articles of Food Acquisition (Harvest) Order, 1943, is abolished from 1st July 1944.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

145

OFFICE OF THE RATIONING OFFICER, EXHIBITION BUILDINGS, MYSORE.

Notification No. R5. 1016—43-44, dated
1st July 1944.

In modification of notification of even number, dated 14th June 1944, the last date specified for the return of Declaration Forms duly filled up to the authorities of the concerned distributing agencies is extended till the 15th July 1944.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO BHOMBRE,
Rationing Officer.

153

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. C. S. 3-12 of 44-45, dated
3rd July 1944.

In exercise of the powers delegated under Rules 75-A, 75-B and 81 of the Defence of India Rules as applied to Mysore, I, C. M. H. Ranajodha Singh, Esq., B.A., Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, do hereby direct, with a view to maintain supplies and services essential to the life of the community, that:

Land owners or land holders or tenants or any other person in actual possession of any land on which Vaisakhi paddy or ragi is grown and who become declared holders under Notification No. S. D. 7263—C. 151-43-118, dated the 26th April 1944, shall surrender the surplus crop after threshing and within thirty days of reaping it to the nearest Government Depot, in lieu of payment therefor at the prescribed rate as per Government Notification in that behalf.

If any one wishes to retain part or whole thereof for his *bona fide* purposes, he will have to obtain orders on H. S. 2 forms which he will have to fill up and deliver to the local Amildar who will dispose it of in accordance with rules, taking into consideration the quantity of foodgrains allowed to him in the Karthiki crop and for all *bona fide* agricultural purposes and human consumption.

Any person who fails to comply with this notification or contravenes the above order, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine up to Rs. 1,000 or with both in addition, for forfeiting the entire quantity of foodgrains grown on his land.

C. M. H. RANAJODHA SINGH,
Deputy Commissioner.

100

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF RATION CENSUS OFFICER, HASSAN TOWN.

Notification No. F1. C. 88—43, dated 4th July 1944.

It is hereby notified for the information of the people of Hassan Town that Government are pleased to direct in their Order No. S. D. 8341-44—R. 19-43-8, dated 6th June 1944, that *bona fide* agricultural worker actually engaged in the cultivation of food crops may be exempted from the operation of the order No. S. D. 7149-59—R. 19-43-5, dated 21st April 1944 and that they may be allowed half a seer of grain or one seer of paddy per day per person not less than a year old, though they may be residing in rationed urban area. This exemption is not applicable to other persons, including other declared holders, living in such rationed areas. It is therefore requested that such of those *bona fide* agricultural workers actually engaged in the cultivation of food crops residing in the Hassan Town rationed area should furnish this office the details in respect of the quantities of foodgrains they possess, the number of inmates requiring ration and the locality and ration number given in respect of their houses before 16th July 1944 failing which their cases will not be considered.

J. N. NAGAPPA,
Chief Ration Census Officer.

147

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS

APPOINTMENTS, POSTINGS, TRANSFERS, LEAVE, ETC.

OFFICE OF THE REVENUE COMMISSIONER IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

Notification No. A1. 7583—43-44, dated
30th June 1944.

Mr. P. Arthur Roach, M.A., Manager, Office of the Superintendent of Police, Shimoga, appointed to act as Deputy Amildar, in Government Notification No. R. 7489—L. R. 12-43-88, dated 29th June 1944, is posted to the charge of Gudibanda Sub-Taluk, vice Mr. G. L. Narayanaswamy (on leave). (To join forthwith).

M. SESHADRI,
Revenue Commissioner.

18

UNIVERSITY OF MYSORE.

Memorandum No. A3. 904—43-44, dated
22nd—23rd June 1944.

In the interests of public service Dr. K. N. Venkatasubha Sastry, M.A., Ph.D., F.R. Hist. S., Assistant Professor of History, Intermediate College, Bangalore, is transferred to the Maharaja's College, Mysore. To join forthwith.

By Order,
D. S. GORDON,
Registrar.

1231

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

Notification No. A2. 3978-240—43-44, dated
23—29th June 1944.

Under Article 171 and 163 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. M. A. Narayana Iyengar, M.A., B.L., Deputy Director of Public Instruction, Bangalore, is granted privilege leave on full pay for one month from 19th July 1944 to 18th August 1944, inclusive with permission to utilise the general holidays on 19th, 20th, 21st and 22nd August 1944. Mr. B. Subbannachar, B.Sc., B.T., Office Assistant to the Deputy Director, Bangalore, will be in additional charge of the current duties of the Deputy Director of Public Instruction, Bangalore, during the period.

10138